

e)
$$4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{11}{16} = \frac{6}{16} \frac{15}{16}$$

f)
$$1\frac{4}{15} + 3\frac{2}{3} = 4\frac{14}{15}$$

$$3 + \frac{13}{10} = 3\frac{13}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 4\frac{3}{10}$$

b)
$$3\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{7}{12} = 6\frac{1}{4}$$



Complete the calculation in three different ways. 7 e.g. $5 \frac{8}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 6 \frac{11}{15} =$, <mark>2</mark> + ¹ $\frac{5}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 1 + \frac{11}{15} = 1$ 3 3 $\left[\frac{4}{5}\right]$ $\frac{1}{15} = 6 + \frac{11}{15} = 1 + \frac{11}{15} = 1$ Compare answers with a partner. Here are some number cards. 8 4<u>1</u> 12 2<u>11</u> 12 2<u>5</u> 6 3<u>1</u> 6 3<u>5</u> 6 a) What is the greatest total you can make with two cards? **b)** What is the smallest total you can make with two cards?













